## Spooner Area School District K-12 Mathematics Curriculum

## Outcomes and Benchmarks



## Spooner Area School District <br> K-12 Math Standards Alignment

Outcomes

1. Write and know number names, number sequence, how to compare numbers, and how to count to tell the number of objects.
2. Understand addition as putting together and adding to.
Understand subtraction as taking apart or taking from.
3. Classify objects and identify and describe shapes.

## Benchmarks

a. Count to 100 by ones.
b. Count to answer 'how many?'
c. Understand less than, greater than, and equal to.
d. Write numbers 1-20.
a. Represent addition and subtraction problems using one or more strategies.
b. Fluently add and subtract within 5 .
a. Classify objects into given categories; count and sort the categories.
b. Correctly name shapes regardless of their orientations or overall size.

## Spooner Area School District

K-12 Math Standards Alignment

## Outcomes

1. Represent and solve problems involving addition and subtraction within 20. Understand and apply relationships between addition and subtraction.
2. Understand 2 digit place value and use properties of operations to add within 100.

| 3. Tell and write time. |
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| 4. Reason with shapes and their |

4. Reason with shapes and their attributes.

## Benchmarks

a. Add within 20.
b. Subtract within 20.
c. Solve equations with unknown partners.
a. Add decade numbers.
b. Add tens to 2-digit numbers.
a. Tell and write time to the hour.
b. Tell and write time to the half-hour.
a. Create new shapes by combining 2-D or 3-D shapes.

## Spooner Area School District <br> K-12 Math Standards Alignment

| Outcomes | Second Grade |
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| 1. Represent and solve <br> problems involving addition <br> and subtraction within 100. | a. Add and subtract within 20. <br> b. Solve one-step word problems <br> c. Represent a word problem with a drawing and <br> equation. |
| 2. Understand 3 digit place <br> value to add and subtract <br> within 1000. | a. Fluently add and subtract within 100. <br> b. Fluently add and subtract within 1000. <br> c. Understand the three digits in a number represent <br> ones, tens, and hundreds. |
| 3. Use appropriate tools to <br> measure length. | a. Accurately measure objects in inches and <br> centimeters. |
| 4. Solve word problems |  |
| involving money. | b. Measure to determine how much longer one object is |
| than the other. |  |

Outcomes

1. Understand properties of multiplication and division and the relationship between multiplication and division to represent and solve problems within 100.
2. Use place value understanding to round to nearest 10 of 100 and fluently add and subtract within 1000.
3. Develop understanding of a fraction as a number. Be able to partition shapes into equal parts and express as a fraction.
4. Understand how to find perimeter and missing lengths of objects. Relate finding area to multiplication and addition.

## Benchmarks

a. Use multiplication and division within 100 to solve word problems.
b. Apply properties of operations (commutative, associative, distributive) to multiply and divide.
c. Fluently multiply and divide within 100 using factors 0-10.
a. Round whole numbers to the nearest 10 or 100 .
b. Fluently add or subtract within 1000.
a. Understand a unit fractions is a whole divided into some number of equal parts.
b. Understand a fraction as pieces out of the whole.
c. Partition shapes into equal areas. Express the area of each part as a unit fraction.
a. Relate area of rectangles to the operations of multiplication and addition.
b. Find perimeter of polygons with given side lengths.

## Spooner Area School District <br> K-12 Math Standards Alignment

Outcomes

1. Use the 4 operations with whole numbers to solve problems.
2. Use place value understanding and operations to perform multi-digit arithmetic.
3. Extend understanding of fraction equivalence and ordering to build fractions from unit fractions.
4. Solve problems involving measurements and conversion of measurements.
5. Draw and identify lines and angles, and classify shapes by properties of their lines and angles.

Benchmarks
a. Use the four operations with whole numbers to solve multi-step problems.
a. Divide four digits by one digit.
b. Multiply up to two digit by two digit.
c. Add and subtract up to four digits.
a. Compare fractions with the same denominators.
b. Identify a fraction as a sum of unit fractions.
c. Add and subtract fractions with the same denominators.
d. Solve word problems involving addition and subtraction of fractions with the same denominators.
a. Apply area to real world problems.
b. Apply perimeter to real world problems.
c. Use a number line to plot and represent a data set of measurements in fractions of a unit.
a. Classify shapes by properties of their lines and angles.
b. Draw and identify lines and angles (right, acute, and obtuse).
c. Identify types of line segments.

Outcomes

1. Write and interpret numerical expressions.

## Benchmarks

a. Use parentheses to solve multi-step word problems.
b. Read, write, and simplify numerical expressions.
c. Write expressions with variables with or without evaluating.
a. Understanding the place value system is based on multiplying and dividing by powers of ten.
b. Round and estimate sums and differences with decimal numbers to the hundredths.
c. Fluently multiply and divide whole numbers up to 4 digit by 2 digit.
d. Add, subtract, multiply, and divide decimals to hundredths.
a. Solve fraction word problems using all 4 operations.
b. Use benchmark fractions and number sense to estimate if an answer is reasonable.
c. Interpret a fraction as division of the numerator by the denominator.
a. Graph mathematical problems in the first quadrant of coordinate plane and interpret related points on the graph.

## Spooner Area School District <br> K-12 Math Standards Alignment

Outcomes

1. Apply and extend previous understanding to algebraic expressions and solve one-variable equations and inequalities.
2. Understand ratio concepts and use ratio reasoning to solve problems.
3. Extend understanding of the Number System to divide fractions and multi-digit numbers, compute multi-digit decimals, and order rational numbers on a number line.
4. Solve real-world math problems involving area, surface area, and volume.

## Benchmarks

a. Use order of operations to evaluate an expressions when given a set of values.
b. Determine if a number makes an equation or inequality true.
a. Complete table of equivalent ratios with missing numbers.
b. Find the unit rate or basic ratio given an equivalent ratio.
c. Solve ratio problems.
d. Find a percent of a quantity as a rate per 100 .
a. Divide fractions by fractions.
b. Add, subtract, multiply and divide multi-digit numbers including decimals.
c. Compare and order rational numbers and their absolute values.
d. Graph rational numbers in all four quadrants of the coordinate plane.
a. Find the area of any triangle.
b. Find area of special quadrilaterals.
c. Find area of regular polygons by decomposing into triangles or other shapes.
d. Apply the formula for volume of right rectangular prisms to find volume of that shape with fractional side lengths.

Outcomes

1. Construct simple equations and inequalities to solve real-world problems and use properties of operations to create equivalent expressions.
2. Analyze proportional
relationships and use them to
solve real-world math problems.
3. Apply and extend previous understandings of operations with rational numbers.
4. Investigate chance processes and develop, use, and evaluate probability models.
5. Solve real-world problems by using scale drawings, angle measure, area, surface area, and volume.

Benchmarks
a. Convert between fractions, decimals, and percent and apply properties of operations to calculate with numbers in any form.
b. Apply properties of operations to add, subtract, factor and expand linear expressions with rational coefficients.
c. Construct and solve simple equations and inequalities to solve problems.
a. Recognize and solve proportional relationships between quantities.
b. Use proportional relationships to solve multi-step ratio and percent problems.
a. Solve mathematical problems by adding and subtracting rational numbers.
b. Solve mathematical problems by multiplying and dividing rational numbers.
a. Understanding probability of an event is a number between 0 and 1 and determine if an event is impossible, likely, or certain to happen.
b. Find the probability of theoretical and experimental probabilities and use them to approximate other probabilities.
c. Find probabilities of compound events using organized lists, tables, tree diagram and simulation.
a. Solve problems involving scale drawings by using the appropriate scale factor.
b. Calculate the area and circumference of a circle.
c. Solve mathematical problems involving area, volume and surface area of two and three-dimensional objects composed of triangles, quadrilaterals, polygons, cubes and right prisms.

1. Perform operations with radical and integer exponents. Understand that there are numbers that are not rational and approximate them by rational numbers.
2. Understand the connections between proportional relationship lines, and linear equations. Investigate patterns of association in bivariate data.
3. Define, evaluate and compare functions.

|  | c. Evaluate linear functions. <br> d. Complete a table and a graph of a linear function. <br> e. Interpret word problems of linear functions. <br> f. Graph a line from an equation in slope-intercept form. |
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| 4. Understand and apply <br> Pythagorean Theorem. Solve <br> real-world problems involving <br> volume of cylinders, cones, and <br> spheres. | a. Find the lengths of the hypotenuse, missing leg <br> lengths, and perimeter of triangles using the <br> Pythagorean Theorem. |
| b. Solve word problems using the Pythagorean Theorem. |  |
| c. Know/ldentify the formulas for the volumes of cylinders |  |
| cones and spheres with 3 dimensional diagrams. |  |

b. Identify functions (linear and nonlinear).
c. Evaluate linear functions.
d. Complete a table and a graph of a linear function.
e. Interpret word problems of linear functions.
f. Graph a line from an equation in slope-intercept form. lengths, and perimeter of triangles using the Pythagorean Theorem.
b. Solve word problems using the Pythagorean Theorem.
c. Know/Identify the formulas for the volumes of cylinders cones and spheres with 3 dimensional diagrams.

## Spooner Area School District <br> K-12 Math Standards Alignment

| Outcomes | Pre-Algebra |
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| 1. Identify Patterns | a. Identify patterns from a graph, situation, equation, or <br> table. <br> b.Construct a table, graph, rule, or situation using a <br> pattern. <br> c. Interpret the meaning of a pattern. <br> 2. Understanding of Exponents <br> a. . State the three basic Laws of Exponents. <br> Single Variable. <br> b. Simplify an expression using the three basic Laws of <br> Exponents. |
|  | a.Demonstrate the ability to algebraically solve <br> problems by balancing equations. <br> b. Identify situations when there are no solutions or an <br> infinite number of solutions. <br> c. Justify answers by checking and/or making sense of <br> the answer through reasoning. |

## Spooner Area School District K-12 Math Standards Alignment

Outcomes

1. Describe Linear Relationships
2. Describe Exponential Functions.

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3. Identify Patterns.
4. Interpret Data
5. Describe Quadratic Functions

Benchmarks
a. Describe the graph of a linear function using shape, intercepts, symmetry and special points, as well as domain and range.
b. Determine the change (slope) or $y$-intercept of a linear function when given a graph, two points, or a point and the slope/y-intercept.
c. Write the equation for a linear relationship in the form of $y=m x+b$.
d. Interpret the slope and y-intercept in context.
e. Move between a situation, equation, table, and graph, understanding the connections between them.
f. Solve systems of equations using substitution, elimination, equal values and graphing methods.
g. Solve multi-variable equations for a specific variable.
a. Describe the graph of an exponential function using shape, intercepts, domain/range, symmetry and special points.
b. Determine the rate of change (multiplier) or $y$-intercept when given a graph, two points, or a point and the multiplier/y-intercept.
c. Write an equation for an exponential relationship in the form of $y=a b^{x}$.
d. Interpret the rate of change and y-intercept in context.
e. Move between a situation, equation, table, and graph, understanding the connections between them.
a. Describe the difference between a discrete and continuous relationship.
b. Write explicit and recursive equations for arithmetic sequences.
c. Write explicit and recursive equations for geometric sequences.
d. Simplify an expression using the Laws of Exponents.
e. Understand that a relation is a function if there is one output for each input.
f. Recognize and use different notations properly.
g. Use the area model to show the relationship between a product and a sum.
a. Fully describe the association of a graph. (Form, direction, strength, outliers, meaning of the graph in context.)
b. Interpret data in terms of its context.
c. Use data to make predictions.
a. Describe the graph of an exponential function using shape, intercepts, symmetry and special points.
b. Make connections between a situation, equation, table, and graph.
c. Solve quadratic equations by factoring.
d. Solve quadratic equations using the Quadratic Formula.

| Outcomes | Geometry Benchmarks |
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| 1. Provide Reasoning Through <br> Proofs | a. Use flow charts to prove geometric concepts. <br> b. Justify conclusions with written arguments. <br> c. Prove triangle congruence and similarity. |
| 2. Use Triangle Trigonometry | a. Use Right Triangle Trigonometry and the Law of <br> b. Apply trigonometry to real world problems. |
| 3. Use tools appropriately | a. Select the correct tool/procedure to solve a problem. <br> b. Use the tool/procedure correctly. |
| 4. Use Angle Relationships | a. Identify the type of relationship. <br> b. Use properties of angles and lines to find values. |


| Outcomes | Algebra II |
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| 1. Identify Function Types | a. Fully describe the graph. <br> b. Write the equation of a function. <br> c. Apply function type to a real world problem. |
| 2. Find Inverse Functions | a. Graphically determine the inverse to a function. <br> b. Algebraically determine the inverse to a function. <br> c. Use inverses to solve real life problems. |
| 3. Understand the Trigonometric | a. Write the equations of a sinusoid. <br> Ratios |
| 4. Interpret Data |  |
| c. Apply sinusoids to a real world problem. |  |

Outcomes

1. Perform Conversions
2. Use Algebraic Principles
3. Use Geometric Principles

Benchmarks
a. Understand and use decimals, fractions, and percentages.
b. Convert metric and customary units.
c. Understand how ratios and proportions work.
a. Demonstrate the ability to algebraically solve problems by balancing equations.
b. Identify situations when there are no solutions or an infinite number of solutions.
c. Justify answers by checking and/or making sense of the answer through reasoning.
d. Determine the change (slope) or y-intercept of a linear function when given a graph, two points, or a point and the slope/y-intercept.
e. Write the equation for a linear relationship in the form of $y=m x+b$
f. Interpret the slope and $y$-intercept in context.
g. Move between a situation, equation, table, and graph, understanding the connections between them.
h. Solve systems of equations using substitution, elimination, equal values and graphing methods.
4. Use Right Triangle Trigonometry and the Law of Cosines to solve for missing parts.
5. Apply trigonometry to real world problems.
6. Select the correct tool/procedure to solve a problem.
7. Use the tool/procedure correctly.
8. Identify the type of relationship.
9. Use properties of angles and lines to find values.

